

The ***Journal of Veterinary Research*** financed by the National Veterinary Research Institute is a quarterly that publishes original papers on veterinary bacteriology, virology and parasitology, immunology, molecular biology, pathology, toxicology, pharmacology, and biochemistry. The main emphasis is, however, on infectious diseases of animals, food and feed safety, and public health. Review articles will be published only at the editor's request.

The approaches and techniques used in the research published in the journal are expected to encompass many disciplines, including microbiology, immunology, molecular biology, biochemistry, morphology, genetics and pathogenesis.

The journal welcomes articles of basic research as well as clinical studies of novel diagnostic tools, vaccines and antimicrobial therapies. Studies of antimicrobial resistance may also be accepted, provided that the results represent a substantial advance in knowledge. The journal will also publish articles on molecular aspects of the control and prevention of animal infectious diseases and food safety.

Articles dealing primarily with immunology, epidemiology, molecular biology and microbial or antiviral agents are appropriate if they demonstrate a clear contribution of knowledge on the mechanism, diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of animal diseases. The journal does not publish papers focusing solely on diagnostic techniques because the content should devote attention to the microorganism and not to a particular technique. Reports only of microbial sequences, metagenomics, transcriptomics or proteomics will not be considered unless they serve the widening of our understanding of microbial diseases.

Case reports and short communications are not published. Papers of geographically limited interest, which repeat what had been established in research conducted elsewhere are unsuitable because the journal has a global readership, and in article selection the editors should anticipate potential interest to many readers.

New requirements have been legally binding since 1 July 2026. They follow the European Accessibility Act (EAA) and equivalent US regulations, including the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act, which make it a legal obligation to ensure that digital publications are accessible to readers with diverse sensory, motor and cognitive needs. As such publications, articles must be guaranteed conformant with the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.2 (WCAG 2.2).

General guidelines

- Language of publication: British English.
- Font: Calibri at the size of 11 pt with line spacing of 1.2.
- Manuscripts submitted only as Word files.
- Latin terms in *italics*.
- Numbers use commas to separate millions and thousands, and points instead of commas to separate decimal places.
- Only round brackets are used.

- Tables must include properly marked header rows and should avoid merged or split cells where possible. Tables must be simple and used only for data and not, for example, for the arrangement of panels in a figure.
- Tables, figures and photographs (only in vertical page orientation) are numbered consecutively with Arabic numerals. Captions which are above the tables and under the figures, have no full stop at the end.
- “Table” (not “Tab.”) and “Fig.” or “Figs” (not “Figure(s)”) should be used in the text.
- No bold letters or lines in figures or tables.
- Figures and table are without frames, and tables have only essential horizontal lines and no vertical lines.
- All figures and tables additionally attached as separate files.
- Illustrations of high quality only (at least 600 dpi).
- The following SI abbreviations are used: “s” for second(s), “min” for minute(s), “h” for hour(s), “μL” for microlitre(s), “mL” for millilitre(s) and “L” for litre(s).
- Abbreviations in the abstract should be introduced after their full forms at first use if they are used later in the abstract; abbreviations in the manuscript body text should also be introduced after their full forms at first use if they are used later in this text (even if they have already appeared in the abstract); and abbreviations in every figure or table caption should be treated in the same way. However, the following abbreviations may be used immediately without their full forms being needed:

Tabela (hiperłącze)

- Text must have a minimum contrast ratio of 4.5:1 against the background (3:1 for large text). Information must not be conveyed by colour alone – for example, charts and diagrams should also use labels, patterns or shapes to distinguish data series. Text contrast can be verified using the free tool: <https://webaim.org/resources/contrastchecker>
- Headers must be selected from Word’s built-in heading styles (Heading 1, Heading 2, *etc.*) rather than be manually formatted text. The styles can be freely modified to suit the article’s presentation on condition that they are seen by Word as headers (*i.e.*, their designation as heading text must remain). Headers must be applied in numerical order, omitting no number (Heading 2 must be the heading a level below Heading 1, and if Heading 3 is used it must be the level below Heading 2). These conditions help screen readers navigate the document correctly.
- Lists must be made with Word’s built-in bullet or numbered lists and not be composed with manually typed elements such as “-”, “•” or “1”).
- All hyperlinks must use descriptive anchor text (e.g., “View article: [Title]”) rather than generic text such as “Click here”.
- Alternative text (alt text) for all images.

Alternative text (alt text) is a short textual equivalent of an image, conveying the same information or serving the same purpose as the illustration in an article. It is not just about what can be seen, but about the information or message that the image conveys. This is not the same as a caption beneath a photograph.

The description should generally be between 5 and 15 words (usually no more than around 250 characters). If the chart requires a more detailed analysis, it should be included in the main body of the article.

The appearance (*e.g.* blue bars) should not be described, but rather the meaning of the data. The trend (*e.g.* upward or downward) or the key conclusion to be drawn from the chart, should be stated.

There is no need to repeat information that is already included in the caption beneath the illustration or in the paragraph immediately preceding it.

All figures, charts, diagrams, and non-decorative images must include a concise, meaningful alt text description. This is a textual replacement for images, including graphics, photographs, charts and screenshots.

Alt texts are read aloud by screen readers and are required for every non-text element which presents data.

Logos and decorative images should be marked as artefacts (not requiring alt text).

Alt texts should be prepared by article authors at the manuscript stage, as authors are best placed to describe the content and intent of their own figures. Generic or technical descriptions added post-submission by editorial or production staff are often insufficient. Alt texts should be submitted together with their manuscript. These can be under figure captions in the usual place where these are submitted.

- Tools for checking accessibility.

After conversion of a manuscript's Word file to a pdf, its compliance with accessibility requirements can be checked with automated tools. They identify many technical issues like missing alt text, low contrast, missing tags or incorrect reading order.

1. PAC 2024 (Pdf Accessibility Checker) – <https://pac.pdf-accessibility.org> – a free desktop application for Windows. Files are checked locally on the computer where the file was created and do not need to be uploaded to any external server. This makes PAC 2024 the recommended option for checking unpublished manuscripts. The tool provides a detailed report against pdf universal accessibility (PDF/UA) and WCAG standards.

2. Adobe Acrobat Pro – for possessors of an Acrobat Pro licence, the built-in checker ‘Tools › Accessibility › Check for Accessibility’ is useful. It is fully local and requires no upload.
3. axesCheck – <https://check.axes4.com> – is a free browser-based tool with no installation required. Using this tool does require that a pdf is uploaded to a third-party server.

Manuscript structure

Title (centred, bold and in title case, point 16)

Author’s/s’ full name(s) (centred, initial capital letters only)

Affiliation/s and e-mail address (in the centre)

Abstract (up to 12 lines, point 11) is structured as follows: **Introduction, Material and Methods, Results** and **Conclusion**.

Keywords (up to 5).

The body of the manuscript is structured as follows:

- **Introduction** – a short, concise and clear statement on the background, purposes, and significance of the work.
- **Material and Methods** – details regarding the methods used should be written only in the case of new or modified methods. A table or figure referred to in this section should be contained in this section and placed directly after the first paragraph which refers to it.
- **Results** – statements without interpretations or evaluation must be presented; in addition, the text must include the most significant results which are also presented in tables and figures. Tables and figures referred to in this section should be contained in this section and each placed directly after the first paragraph which refers to it.
- **Discussion** – this section must discuss and evaluate the results obtained and compare them with those presented by others.
- **Conclusion** – a statement of the most significant finding, possibly also proposing future research directions and/or explaining the implication or significance of the finding and setting it in a broader context.
- **Conflict of Interests Statement** (obligatory), **Financial Disclosure Statement** (obligatory), **Animal Rights Statement** (obligatory), **Informed consent statement** (if applicable), **Acknowledgements** (if applicable) (for more information, see the pdf Author’s Statements).
- **References** – preferably recent and limited to 30. All to begin with the authors’ surnames or the name of the organisation or legislative body which published the cited document. References which begin with “Act”, “Annual Report”, “Decision”,

“Guidelines”, “Media Statement”, “Regulation”, etc. are not compatible with the bibliographic format of the journal.

References

References are listed alphabetically according to the scheme shown in the example list below:

1. Anderson A.B., Baker C.D., Cooper E.F.: Analysis of important phenomena. *J Sci Res* 2024, 45, 234–245, doi: 10.XXXX/xxxxxxxxxx.
2. Anderson A.B., Davis G.H., Evans I.J.: Novel findings in the field. *Int J Res* 2024, 12, 100–105, doi: 10.XXXX/xxxxxxxxxx.
3. Bhattacharya R.: Chapter 3 Contemporary Developments. In: *Comprehensive Reference Manual*, Volume 2, Third Edition, edited by S.T. Wilson, M.P. Young, Omnicollegiate Publishing House, Oxford, UK, 2023, pp 45–67.
4. Directorate-General for Health and Food Safety of the European Commission, Directorate SANTE Z1 Health, Unit ZZ1 Miscellaneous: Document 54321/2026: Analytical Quality Control and Method Validation Procedures in Food of Certain Designations. DG SANTE, Brussels, 2026, https://food.ec.europa.eu/system/files/2026-1/aqc_and_mvp_in_food_of_certain_designations_2026-54321.pdf.
5. European Commission: Commission Regulation (EU) No. 123/2020 of 26/6/2020 concerning specific requirements for certain procedures. *OJEU L* 2020, 200, 123, 27/6/2020, 1–15.
6. European Commission: Regulation (EU) No. 2025/123 of 7/1/2025 establishing framework conditions for standardised procedures. *OJEU L* 2025, 7/1/2025.
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8. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations: *FAO Discusses Livestock Farming in Free, Endemic, and Emerging Disease Zones*. FAO, Rome, Italy, 2025, <https://www.fao.org/newsroom/detail/FAO-livestock-farming-free-endemic-emerging/en>.
9. International Standards Organization: *ISO 12345-1:2025. Best Practices in Data Management*. ISO, Geneva, Switzerland, 2024.
10. Kowalski J: *Zagadnienia nieokreślone w badaniach interdyscyplinarnych* (Undefined issues in interdisciplinary research – in Polish). Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Wschodniomazowieckiego, Nowe Zielonkovo, Poland, 2025.

11. Oliveira N.B.S., Rodriguez J.C., da Silva P.A.M.: Field observations in controlled environments. PNAS 2026, 1, e1234567890, doi: 10.XXXX/xxxxx.e1234567890.
12. Oliveira N.B.S., Rodriguez J.C., da Silva P.A.M.: Systematic review of methodologies. Sci Rep 2027, 15, 1890–1925, doi: 10.XXXX/xxxxxxxxxx.
13. Roberts K.L.: Essential Principles and Applications. Technical Publishers, Cambridge, MA, USA, 2024.
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16. Thompson M.N., Walker R.S., Zhang Y.: Current perspectives on emerging challenges. Recent Advances in Research. Proceedings of the 15th International Symposial Conference, 15–17 March 2024, Vienna, Austria.
17. World Organisation for Animal Health: Part 2, Chapter 2.1.5 Disease Surveillance Methods. In: Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals, Ninth Edition, WOAH, Paris, France, 2024, <https://www.woah.org/manual-chapter-2-1-5.pdf>.

English titles of the articles cited in original, others in official translation into English, if available.

Journal titles abbreviated as in Index Medicus or in the ISO4 format.

In-text citations are numbers corresponding to end list positions and put in parentheses, in ascending order if there are more than one.

Other information

- The Editorial Board of the Journal of Veterinary Research declares that printed version of the journal is its primary version.
- The Editorial Board of the Journal of Veterinary Research complies with and implements the recommendations of the Polish Ministry of Science and Higher Education (MNiSW) concerning ghostwriting and guest authorship prevention.

Manuscripts conforming to the above guidelines should be submitted with an enclosed **Cover Letter (hiperłącze) via <http://www.piwet.pulawy.pl/jvetres>**